

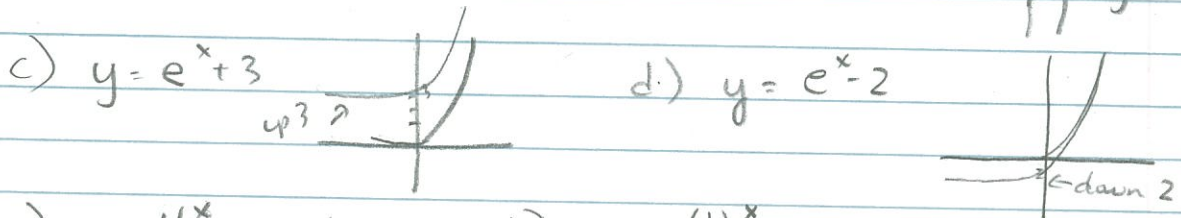
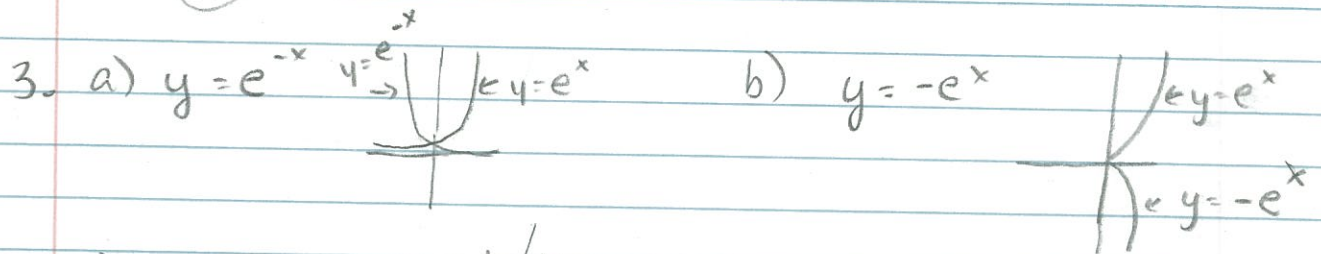
7.2 P. 311 1a-d, 2, 3a-d, 4-45

1. a) $e^4 = 54.59815$ b) $250e = 679.57046$

c) $e^3 - e^2 = 12.69648$ d) $4\sqrt{e} = 6.59489$

2. a) $e^{\ln 23} = 23$ b) $23^{\log_{23} 4} = 4$ c) $\log_8 8^{-7} = -7$ d) $\ln e^{1/4} = \frac{1}{4}$

e) $5^{-2 \log_5 3} = 5^{\log_5 3^{-2}} = 5^{\log_5 \frac{1}{9}} = \frac{1}{9}$ f) $e^{4 \ln 3} = e^{\ln 3^4} = 3^4 = 81$ g) $4 \ln e^{-3} = 4(-3) = -12$ h) $-2 \log_3 3^{-1} = -2(-1) = 2$



4. a) $y = 4^x; x = 1$
 $y' = 4^x \ln 4(1)$
 $y' = 4^1 \ln 4$
 $y' = 5.54518$

b) $y = (\frac{1}{2})^x; x = 2$
 $y' = (\frac{1}{2})^x \ln(\frac{1}{2})$
 $y' = (\frac{1}{2})^2 \ln(\frac{1}{2})$
 $y' = -0.17329$

c) $y = e^{3x}; x = -1.5$
 $y' = e^{3x} \cdot 3$
 $y' = 3e^{3x}$
 $y' = 3e^{3(-1.5)}$
 $y' = 0.03333$

d) $y = xe^x; x = -2$
 $y' = (1)e^x + (x)e^x(1)$
 $y' = e^x + xe^x = e^x(1+x)$
 $y' = e^{-2} + (-2)(e)^{-2} = e^{-2}(1-2)$
 $y' = -0.13534$

7.2

5. a) $y = 7^x$
 $y' = 7^x \ln 7$

b) $y = 3^{2x+5}$
 $y' = 3^{2x+5} \ln 3 (2)$

c) $y = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{x^3-4x}$
 $y' = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{x^3-4x} \ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) (3x^2-4)$

d) $y = 4(2^{x^3})$
 $y' = 4(2^x)(\ln 2)(3x^2)$
 $y' = 12x^2(2^x)(\ln 2)$

e) $y = 6(5^{-3x})$
 $y' = 6(5^{-3x})(\ln 5)(-3)$
 $y' = -18(5^{-3x})(\ln 5)$

f) $y = (2x^4)(5^{3-x})$
 $y' = (8x^3)(5^{3-x}) + (2x^4)(5^{3-x}) \ln 5$
 $y' = (5^{3-x})(2x^3)[4 - x \ln 5]$

g) $y = \frac{3^x}{x^2}$
 $y' = \frac{(x^2)(3^x \ln 3) - (2x3^x)}{(x^2)^2}$
 $y' = \frac{x3^x \ln 3 - 2 \cdot 3^x}{x^3}$
 $y' = \frac{3^x(x \ln 3 - 2)}{x^3}$

h) $y = (2^x)(3^{x^2})$
 $y' = 2^x \ln 2 3^{x^2} + 2^x 3^{x^2} \ln 3 \cdot 2x$
 $y' = 3^{x^2} \cdot 2^x [\ln 2 + 2x \ln 3]$

6. $y = e^{8x}$
 $y' = e^{8x} \cdot 8$
 $y' = 8e^{8x}$

7. $y = e^{-4x}$
 $y' = e^{-4x} \cdot (-4)$
 $y' = -4e^{-4x}$

8. $y = 3e^{5x}$
 $y' = 3e^{5x} \cdot (5)$
 $y' = 15e^{5x}$

9. $y = -2e^{-4x}$
 $y' = -2e^{-4x}(-4)$
 $y' = 8e^{-4x}$

10. $y = 6e^{2-x^2}$
 $y' = 6e^{2-x^2}(-2x)$
 $y' = -12xe^{2-x^2}$

11. $y = e^{x^2-5x+6}$
 $y' = e^{x^2-5x+6}(2x-5)$
 $y' = (2x-5)e^{x^2-5x+6}$

12. $y = e^{-2x^3}$
 $y' = e^{-2x^3}(-6x^2)$
 $y' = -6x^2e^{-2x^3}$

13. $y = 10e^{4x-2x^2}$
 $y' = 10e^{4x-2x^2}(4-4x)$
 $y' = 40(1-x)e^{4x-2x^2}$

14. $y = e^{(x-4)^3}$
 $y' = e^{(x-4)^3} \cdot 3(x-4)$
 $y' = 3(x-4)^2 e^{(x-4)^3}$

7.2.

$$15. \quad y = -5e^{-(3x+1)^2}$$

$$y' = -5e^{-(3x+1)^2} \cdot (-2(3x+1) \cdot 3)$$

$$y' = 30(3x+1)e^{-(3x+1)^2}$$

$$16. \quad y = e^{\frac{2}{x}}$$

$$y' = e^{\frac{2}{x}} \cdot (-2)x^{-2}$$

$$y' = -\frac{2}{x^2} e^{\frac{2}{x}}$$

$$17. \quad y = 11e^{-\frac{4}{x^2}}$$

$$y' = 11e^{-\frac{4}{x^2}} \cdot (8)(x^{-3})$$

$$y' = \frac{88}{x^3} e^{-\frac{4}{x^2}}$$

$$18. \quad y = e^{\frac{4}{x+3}}$$

$$y' = e^{\frac{4}{x+3}} \cdot \frac{(x+3)(0) - (4)(1)}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$y' = -\frac{4}{(x+3)^2} e^{\frac{4}{x+3}}$$

$$19. \quad y = 9e^{-\frac{2}{x^3+4}}$$

$$y' = 9e^{-\frac{2}{x^3+4}} \cdot (0) - (-2)(3x^2)$$

$$y' = \frac{54x^2}{(x^3+4)^2} e^{-\frac{2}{x^3+4}}$$

$$20. \quad y = e^{\ln 7x}$$

property # 4.

$$y = 7x$$

$$y' = 7$$

$$21. \quad y = e^{\ln(2x^3-x^2)}$$

$$y = 2x^3 - x^2$$

$$y' = 6x^2 - 2x$$

$$y' = 2x(3x-1)$$

$$22. \quad y = e^{4 \ln x}$$

$$y = e^{\ln x^4}$$

$$y = x^4$$

$$y' = 4x^3$$

$$23. \quad y = e^{-3 \ln(2x-1)}$$

$$y = e^{\ln(2x-1)^{-3}}$$

$$y = (2x-1)^{-3}$$

$$y' = -3(2x-1)^{-4}$$

$$y' = -\frac{6}{(2x-1)^4}$$

$$24. \quad y = xe^x$$

$$y' = (1)e^x + (x)(e^x)$$

$$y' = (1+x)e^x$$

$$25. \quad y = 2x^2 e^x$$

$$y' = 4x e^x + 2x^2 e^x$$

$$y' = 2x e^x (2+x)$$

$$y' = 2x(2+x) e^x$$

$$26. \quad y = (x+2)e^{2x}$$

$$y' = (1)e^{2x} + (x+2)(e^{2x})(2)$$

$$y' = (1+2x+4)e^{2x}$$

$$y' = (2x+5)e^{2x}$$

$$27. \quad y = (x+2)e^{(x+2)^2}$$

$$y' = (1)e^{(x+2)^2} + (x+2)(e^{(x+2)^2})(2)$$

$$y' = (1+2(x+2)^2)e^{(x+2)^2}$$

$$y' = (1+2x^2+8x+8)e^{(x+2)^2}$$

$$y' = (2x^2+8x+9)e^{(x+2)^2}$$

7.2

28 $y = (2x^3 + 3)e^{2x^3 + 3}$
 $y' = (6x^2)(e^{2x^3 + 3}) + (2x^3 + 3)(e^{2x^3 + 3})(6x^2)$
 $y' = (6x^2 + 12x^5 + 18x^2)e^{2x^3 + 3}$
 $y' = (12x^5 + 24x^2)e^{2x^3 + 3}$
 $y' = 12x^2(x^3 + 2)e^{2x^3 + 3}$

29. $y = \frac{x}{e^x}$
 $y' = \frac{e^x(1) - (e^x)(x)}{e^{2x}}$
 $y' = \frac{1 - x}{e^x}$

30. $y = \frac{e^{2x}}{2x^3}$
 $y' = \frac{2x^3 e^{2x}(2) - e^{2x}(6x^2)}{(2x^3)^2}$
 $y' = \frac{4x^3 e^{2x} - 6x^2 e^{2x}}{4x^6}$
 $y' = \frac{2x e^{2x} - 3e^{2x}}{2x^4}$
 $y' = \frac{(2x - 3)e^{2x}}{2x^4}$

31. $y = \frac{e^{4x+3}}{4x+3}$
 $y' = \frac{(4x+3)e^{4x+3}(4) - (4)e^{4x+3}}{(4x+3)^2}$
 $y' = \frac{(16x + 12 - 4)e^{4x+3}}{(4x+3)^2}$
 $y' = \frac{(16x + 8)e^{4x+3}}{(4x+3)^2}$
 $y' = \frac{8(2x+1)e^{4x+3}}{(4x+3)^2}$

32. $y = 6e^{\sqrt{x}}$
 $y' = 6e^{\sqrt{x}}(\frac{1}{2})x^{-1/2}$
 $y' = \frac{3e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}$

33. $y = -4e^{\sqrt[4]{x^3}}$
 $y = -4e^{\sqrt[4]{x^3}} \cdot (\frac{3}{4})x^{-3/4}$
 $y = \frac{-3e^{\sqrt[4]{x^3}}}{\sqrt[4]{x}}$

34. $y = \pi x e^{\pi x}$
 $y' = \pi e^{\pi x} + \pi x e^{\pi x} (\pi)$
 $y = \pi(1 + \pi x)e^{\pi x}$

7.2

35. $y = \frac{1}{3} \cdot x^3 e^{\ln 6x}$

$y = \frac{1}{3} x^3 6x$

$y = 2x^4$

$y' = 8x^3$

36. $y = \sqrt{x} e^{(\ln x)^2}$

$y' = x^{1/2} e^{1/2 \ln x}$

$y = x^{1/2} e^{\ln x}$

$y = x^{1/2} x^{1/2}$

$y = x$

$y' = 1$

$e^{\log_e x^{1/2}}$

37. $y = \frac{e^{3x-1}}{2x+1}$

$y' = \frac{(2x+1)(e^{3x-1} \cdot 3) - (e^{3x-1})(2)}{(2x+1)^2}$

$y' = \frac{(6x+1)(e^{3x-1})}{(2x+1)^2}$

38. $y = e^{16}$
 $y' = 0$

39. $y = e^3 x^3$
 $y' = 3e^3 x^2$

40. $y = e^{2x} e^{3x}$
 $y = e^{5x}$
 $y' = e^{5x} (5)$
 $y' = 5e^{5x}$

41. $y = (e^{6x-5})^{10}$
 $y = e^{60x-50}$
 $y' = 60e^{60x-50}$

42. $y = \ln(e^{3x} + 2)$
 $y' = \frac{1}{e^{3x} + 2} \cdot 3e^{3x}$

$y' = \frac{3e^{3x}}{e^{3x} + 2}$

43. $y = e^x \ln x$
 $y' = e^x \ln x + e^x \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) (1)$

$y' = \frac{x e^x \ln x + e^x}{x}$

$y' = e^x (x \ln x + 1)$

44. $y = \ln\left(\frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1}\right)$
 $y' = \frac{(e^x - 1)'}{e^x - 1} \cdot \left(\frac{e^x(e^x - 1) - (e^x + 1)e^x}{(e^x - 1)^2}\right)$

$y' = \frac{e^{2x} - e^x - e^{2x} - e^x}{(e^x + 1)(e^x - 1)}$

$y' = \frac{-2e^x}{(e^{2x} - 1)}$

45. $y = x \ln(xe^x)$
 $y' = (1) \ln(xe^x) + x \left(\frac{1}{xe^x}\right) (e^x)$

$y' = \ln(xe^x) + 1 + x$

$y' = \ln x + \ln e^x + 1 + x$

$y' = \ln x + x + 1 + x$

$y' = \ln x + 2x + 1$