

$$y' = f'g + fg' \quad y' = \frac{f'g - fg'}{g^2}$$

4.9 Combining Differentiation Rules P 205 1-18 (19/20 1st step only)

1. $f(x) = 2x^3 + 15x^2 - 36x - 12$

$$f'(x) = 6x^2 + 30x - 36$$

$$f'(x) = 6(x^2 + 5x - 6)$$

$$f'(x) = 6(x-1)(x+6)$$

2. $f(x) = -2x^{-3} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-2} + x^{-1} + 11$

$$f'(x) = 6x^{-4} + x^{-3} - 1x^{-2}$$

$$f'(x) = x^{-4}(6 + x - x^2)$$

$$f'(x) = x^{-4}(3-x)(2+x)$$

$$f'(x) = -x^{-4}(x-3)(x+2)$$

3. $y = \frac{1}{x} + 4x = x^{-1} + 4x$

$$y' = -1x^{-2} + 4$$

$$y' = x^{-2}(-1 + 4x^2)$$

$$y' = x^{-2}(4x^2 - 1)$$

$$y' = x^{-2}(2x+1)(2x-1)$$

4. $y = \sqrt{\frac{x}{5}} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{5}}$

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}x^{1/2} + 5x^{-1/2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}x$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}}x^{-1/2} - \frac{5}{2}x^{-3/2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

5. $f(x) = (2x-3)^3(x+1)^2$

$$f'(x) = 3(2x-3)^2(2)(x+1)^2 + (2x-3)^3 2(x+1)$$

$$f'(x) = (2x-3)^2(x+1)[6(x+1) + 2(2x-3)]$$

$$f'(x) = (2x-3)^2(x+1)[6x+6+4x-6]$$

$$f'(x) = 10x(x+1)(2x-3)^2$$

6. $f(x) = x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}$

$$f'(x) = 2x(1-x^2)^{1/2} + x^2(\frac{1}{2}(1-x^2)^{-1/2} \cdot (-2x))$$

$$f'(x) = x(1-x^2)^{1/2} [2(1-x^2)^{1/2} - x^2]$$

$$f'(x) = x(1-x^2)^{1/2} [2 - 2x^2 - x^2]$$

$$f'(x) = x(1-x^2)^{1/2} (2-3x^2)$$

$$f'(x) = -x(3x^2-2)(1-x^2)^{-1/2}$$

7. $y = (x-2)\sqrt{x^2-3x-1}$

$$y' = (1)(x^2-3x-1)^{1/2} + (x-2)(\frac{1}{2}(x^2-3x-1)^{-1/2}(2x-3))$$

$$y' = (x^2-3x-1)^{-1/2} [(x^2-3x-1) + \frac{1}{2}(2x-3)(x-2)]$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(x^2-3x-1)^{-1/2} [2(x^2-3x-1) + (2x^2-7x+6)]$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(x^2-3x-1)^{-1/2} [2x^2-6x-2 + 2x^2-7x+6]$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(x^2-3x-1)^{-1/2} [4x^2-13x+4]$$

4.9 - Continued

$$8. \quad y = 4\sqrt{x-1} - 6\sqrt{x+1}$$

$$y = 4(x-1)^{1/2} - 6(x+1)^{1/2}$$

$$y' = 2(x-1)^{-1/2} - 3(x+1)^{-1/2}$$

$$9. \quad F(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x}{x^2 + 3}$$

$$F'(x) = \frac{(2x-3)(x^2+3) - (x^2-3x)(2x)}{(x^2+3)^2}$$

$$F'(x) = \frac{2x^3 + 6x - 3x^2 - 9 - 2x^3 + 6x^2}{(x^2+3)^2}$$

$$10. \quad f(x) = \frac{6}{\sqrt[3]{x^3-2}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(0)(x^3-2)^{-2/3} - (6)(\frac{1}{3})x^2(x^3-2)^{-5/3}}{(x^3-2)^{4/3}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-6x^2(x^3-2)^{-5/3}}{(x^3-2)^{4/3}}$$

$$f'(x) = -6x^2(x^3-2)^{-4/3}$$

$$F'(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 6x - 9}{(x^2+3)^2}$$

$$F'(x) = \frac{3(x^2 + 2x - 3)}{(x^2+3)^2}$$

$$F'(x) = \frac{3(x+3)(x-1)}{(x^2+3)^2}$$

$$11. \quad y = x^3(2x-1)(3x+2)$$

$$y = (2x^4 - x^3)(3x+2)$$

$$y' = (8x^3 - 3x^2)(3x+2) + (2x^4 - x^3)(3)$$

$$y' = 24x^4 + 16x^3 - 9x^3 - 6x^2 + 6x^4 - 3x^3$$

$$y' = 30x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2$$

$$y' = 2x^2(15x^2 + 2x - 3)$$

$$12. \quad y = \frac{x(2x-3)}{x^2+2}$$

$$y = \frac{2x^2 - 3x}{x^2 + 2}$$

$$y' = \frac{(4x-3)(x^2+2) - (2x^2-3x)(2x)}{(x^2+2)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{4x^3 + 8x - 3x^2 - 6 - 4x^3 + 6x^2}{(x^2+2)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{3x^2 + 8x - 6}{(x^2+2)^2}$$

4.9 Continued

$$13 \quad f(x) = \frac{(2x)^{-2}}{(x+2)} - \frac{((2x)^{-2})}{((x+2)^2)}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(x+2)^2}{4x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2(x+2)'(4x^2) - (x+2)^2(8x)}{(4x^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{8x(x+2)[x - (x+2)]}{16x^4}$$

$$= \frac{8x(x+2)[-2]}{16x^4}$$

$$= \frac{-16x(x+2)}{16x^4}$$

$$= \frac{-(x+2)}{x^3}$$

$$14 \quad f(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2}{x^2-2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2(x+1)'(x^2-2) - (x+1)^2(2x)}{(x^2-2)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2(x+1)[(x^2-2) - (x+1)(x)]}{(x^2-2)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2(x+1)(x^2-2-x^2-x)}{(x^2-2)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2(x+1)(-x-2)}{(x^2-2)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2(x+1)(x+2)}{(x^2-2)^2}$$

$$15 \quad y = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^2+1}$$

$$y' = \frac{\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}(x^2+1) - x^{1/2}(2x)}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}[x^2+1 - x'(4x)]}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}[-3x^2+1]}{(x^2+1)^2} = \frac{(1-3x^2)}{2x^{1/2}(x^2+1)^2}$$

4.9 Continual

$$16. f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3-x}}{x^4} = \frac{(3-x)^{1/2}}{x^4}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}(3-x)^{-1/2}(-1)(x^4) - (3-x)^{1/2} \cdot 4x^3}{x^8}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}x^3(3-x)^{-1/2} \left[-x - (3-x)(8) \right]}{x^8}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}x^3(3-x)^{-1/2} \left[-x - 24 + 8x \right]}{x^8}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^{-5}(3-x)^{-1/2} \left[7x - 24 \right]$$

$$17. f(x) = \frac{1}{(x^2-2)\sqrt{2x+3}}$$

$$f(x) = (x^2-2)^{-1} (2x+3)^{-1/2}$$

$$f'(x) = -1(x^2-2)^{-2}(2x)(2x+3)^{-1/2} + (x^2-2)^{-1}(-\frac{1}{2})(2x+3)^{-3/2}(2)$$

$$f'(x) = -2x(x^2-2)^{-2}(2x+3)^{-1/2} - 1(x^2-2)^{-1}(2x+3)^{-3/2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x^2-2)^{-1}(2x+3)^{-3/2} \left[-2x(2x+3) - (x^2-2) \right]}{(x^2-2)^2(2x+3)^{3/2}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x^2-2)^{-2}(2x+3)^{-3/2} \left[-4x^2 - 6x - x^2 + 2 \right]}{(x^2-2)^2(2x+3)^{3/2}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x^2-2)^{-2}(2x+3)^{-3/2} \left[-5x^2 - 6x + 2 \right]}{(x^2-2)^2(2x+3)^{3/2}}$$

$$f'(x) = - \left[5x^2 + 6x - 2 \right] (x^2-2)^{-2} (2x+3)^{-3/2}$$

$$18. f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x+4}{x-4}}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(x+4)^{1/2}}{(x-4)^{1/2}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}(x+4)^{-1/2}(x-4)^{1/2} - (x+4)^{1/2}(\frac{1}{2})(x-4)^{-1/2}}{(x-4)^{1/2}(x-4)^{1/2}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}(x+4)^{-1/2}(x-4)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}(x+4)^{1/2}(x-4)^{-1/2}}{(x-4)}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}(x+4)^{-1/2}(x-4)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}(x+4)^{1/2}(x-4)^{-1/2}}{(x-4)}$$

$$f'(x) = -4(x+4)^{-1/2}(x-4)^{-3/2}$$

4.9 Continued

19. $y = \frac{x^4 (2x-1)^3}{(x+2)^2}$

$y' = \frac{[4x^3(2x-1)^3 + x^4(3)(2x-1)^2(2)](x+2)^2 - [x^4(2x-1)^3(2)(x+2)]}{(x+2)^4}$

FIRST STEP ONLY →

20. $y = \frac{x\sqrt{x+3}}{x-2}$

$y = \frac{x(x+3)^{1/2}}{x-2}$

$f = x(x+3)^{1/2}$

$y' = \frac{[1(x+3)^{1/2} + x(\frac{1}{2})(x+3)^{-1/2}](x-2) - (x\sqrt{x+3})(1)}{(x-2)^2}$

FIRST STEP ONLY →

OR

19. $y = \overset{f}{x^4} \overset{g}{(2x-1)^3} \overset{h}{(x+2)^{-2}}$

$y' = 4x^3(2x-1)^3(x+2)^{-2} + x^4(3)(2x-1)^2(2)(x+2)^{-2} + x^4(2x-1)^3(-2)(x+2)^{-3}$

FIRST STEP →

20. $y = \overset{f}{x} \overset{g}{\sqrt{x+3}} \overset{h}{(x-2)^{-1}}$

$y' = 1(x+3)^{1/2}(x-2)^{-1} + x(\frac{1}{2})(x+3)^{-1/2}(x-2)^{-1} + x(x+3)^{1/2}(-1)(x-2)^{-2}$

FIRST STEP →